Film-Tech

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RECTIFIER

FILTER

AC INPUT

208/230 V.

3Φ ONLY

L1  L2  L3

HIGH FREQUENCY 60 KHZ SWITCHING CIRCUIT

TRANSFORMER

CONTROL TRANSFORMER

115 V AC

COARSE

FINE

DC OUTPUT

FILTER

LAMPHOUSE

SEE "INSTALLATION" INSTRUCTIONS
THE STRONG INTERNATIONAL switching power supply Type 62-80100 is designed to operate a xenon bulb in all theatrical lighting applications for Strong lamphouses. This unit will operate all xenon bulbs rated from 1000 to 3000 watts throughout their full operating ranges (20-35 V.DC, 40-100 A.DC). The power requirement for this unit is 208/230 (200-240) V.AC, 30 amperes single or three phase, 50/60 Hertz.

INCOMING LINE POWER is transformed from 208/230 volts AC to a low voltage, high current DC output. The incoming AC line is filtered to eliminate noise and is then converted to DC. This DC voltage is switched on and off by a solid state switching circuit, and converted to a 60 kHz square wave. The square wave is fed into output transformers to provide low voltage and high current. Rectifiers convert the 60 kHz signal to DC, and the output is filtered to eliminate noise and ripple. Output to the xenon bulb is adjustable through use of potentiometers.

A STEPDOWN TRANSFORMER reduces the incoming line to 120 V.AC to power the lamphouse igniter and blower(s). A separate three ampere circuit breaker protects the control circuit in the event of a lamphouse component malfunction.

PROTECTIVE CIRCUITS include a high temperature limit switch and under- and overvoltage detection. The thermal switch will open and interrupt power supply operation if internal temperatures exceed 175°F (80°C). A drop in AC line voltage, reducing AC supply to inadequate levels, or a high voltage AC spike, will also disable the power supply until the voltage is corrected.

A MULTI-PIN MS RECEPTACLE is standard on units supplied for use with Strong follow spotlights and projection consoles. A lamphouse termination panel may be ordered as an option for motion picture or studio applications using Strong lamphouses without the corresponding MS plug.

NOTICE

REFER ALL SERVICING of this unit to an authorized Strong International Equipment Dealer. The 62-80100 Switching Xenon Power Supply employs solid state circuitry requiring sophisticated diagnostic equipment not generally available to field service personnel. Hazardous high voltages exist within the power supply cabinet.
CAUTION: This equipment operates at hazardous voltages, and should be operated by qualified, trained personnel only. Do not remove power supply cover panels when the unit is energized.

When positioning the power supply, allow several inches clearance around the power supply cabinet for unobstructed air flow. If the intake or outlet grilles are blocked, thermal switches will shut the unit off to prevent heat damage.

Connect the lamphouse DC and control leads to the output side of the power supply prior to connecting to AC power. Lamphouse to power supply connections, when not terminated in a MS plug, are illustrated on the INTERCONNECTION DIAGRAM in the lamphouse instruction manual. Make certain the lamphouse ground lead is connected.

Power leads run to the unit must be of the correct size and type to conform to local codes. Shield in conduit as required. The power supply will not energize until the circuit breakers on the side of the cabinet are placed in the ON position.

A four-prong, female plug is furnished to mate to the AC receptacle mounted to the power supply. Connect 208/230 V.AC three phase input to terminals X, Y, and Z. Connect single phase input to terminals X and Z only. Single or three phase neutral is not required for installation of this unit. Attach an adequate earth ground to the green ground terminal.

In areas using 380/440 V.AC three phase power (Europe, etc.), connect the unit for single phase operation only, using (1) phase line on X and a neutral on Z. AC input as measured across connector terminals X and Z must not exceed 240 V.AC. Attach an adequate earth ground to the green ground terminal.

See the warranty information packed with the xenon bulb for correct operating current. Do not, at any time, exceed the maximum current level specified by the bulb manufacturer.

Current output to the bulb is set through use of the adjustment potentiometer(s). If installed in a Strong Xenon Projection Console, the adjustment potentiometer (62-70032) is generally remoted to the console control panel. When the remote option is not utilized, a potentiometer printed circuit board assembly (62-70028) is connected directly to the current control receptacle.
Check the lamphouse ammeter upon the first bulb ignition, and adjust the current control potentiometer to set the desired bulb current. On Strong projection consoles, this potentiometer is usually remoted to the lamphouse control panel adjacent to the ammeter. Rotate the potentiometer clockwise to increase current, or counterclockwise to reduce current. When the potentiometer printed circuit board assembly is used in place of a remote control assembly, a second (fine) adjustment potentiometer is included for output changes in small increments. The PC board is marked coarse and fine to identify the (2) potentiometers.

The stepdown transformer for the lamphouse control circuit is factory prewired. Terminals 2 & 4 supply 120 V.AC to the lamphouse. After completing the lamphouse interlock circuit, the 120 V.AC returns to the power supply on wires 5 & 6 to energize the control printed circuit board at plug PL5 upon closure of the LAMP ON switch. The same circuit (5 & 6) energizes the AC lamphouse igniter.

A second, two-terminal barrier strip located next to the DC output terminals is included in spotlight power supplies. Wires 7 & 8 (220 V.AC) terminate at this position, and supply voltage to lamphouse blowers in Gladiator III spotlights through MS connector Pins I & J. These wires are unused in Super Trouper and other spotlights, but are included to permit interchanging power supplies between Super Troupers and Gladiators. DC output must be re-set after changing a power supply from one system type to another. See the spotlight manual for current requirement.

The DC Pulse Igniter used in some Strong lamphouses does not require the AC control voltage supplied on 5 & 6, but will be actuated from the high DC open circuit (“no load”) voltage normally generated by the power supply. The DC voltage will fall to a lower sustaining level (20 - 35 V.DC) after the xenon bulb ignites, and the DC Pulse Igniter will cease operation when the DC voltage drops below 130 V.DC.
The power supply requires very little service to insure correct operation. Periodically check all electrical connections for tightness and condition, especially those in the DC circuit. Discolored terminals may indicate oxidation which will increase resistance.

Clean the ventilation inlet and outlet grilles on a regular basis to insure good air flow. Thermal switches mounted to the power supply will interrupt operation of the power supply in the event of overheating.

The blower motors are permanently lubricated. The 62-80100 power supply includes (2) blowers and requires operation of both fully functional blowers for correct operation. In the event of a blower failure, a replacement blower must be installed immediately.

Service interruptions because of low (below 200 V.) or high (over 240 V.) AC input require adjustments to the AC supply line. To protect the equipment, voltage level protection cannot be bypassed.
WHEN ALL FOUR of the green indicator lights are glowing, the power supply is operating trouble-free. One or more red lights, when glowing, indicates that a problem exists, and disables operation of the power supply. The red light(s) latches and remains glowing until the RESET button is depressed after the problem has been corrected.

**GREEN LIGHTS:**

- **20 VDC**: Indicates that the control board is receiving the correct DC input.
- **VIN**: Indicates that the AC input voltage is within the correct range (200-240 V.AC).
- **FUSE**: Indicates that the fuses on the primary boards are good.
- **GO**: Indicates that the lamphouse interlock circuit is complete, and that DC power is being applied to the xenon bulb.

**RED LIGHTS:**

- **TEMP**: Indicates that the unit is overheated.
- **VIN**: Indicates that AC input voltage is above or below the correct range (200-240 V.AC).
- **MODULE**: Indicates that one or more fuses on the primary boards have opened.
- **STRIKE**: Indicates that the xenon bulb is requiring an excessive number of ignition pulses.
- **RIPPLE**: Indicates excessive ripple in the output current.
TROUBLESHOOTING

See Lamphouse Manual Before Troubleshooting Power Supply

Lamphouse Blower(s) Not Operating; Power Light “ON,” Circuit Breaker “ON”

1. Lamphouse interlock switch open. See lamphouse manual.
2. Three ampere circuit breaker is tripped. Press to reset.
3. Improper AC input connection. Check AC voltage at contactor terminals; should read 200 - 240 V.A.C across input terminals (X, Y, Z for three phase; X & Z only for single phase).
4. Miswired output on terminals 2 & 4. Should read 100 - 120 V.A.C; check wire numbers.
5. Defective circuit breaker. Check resistance across circuit breaker CB1 with supply OFF; should measure 0 Ohms. Replace as required.
6. Defective filter board. Check across each leg of the filter board input and output; voltage should measure 200 - 240 V.A.C. Replace as required.
7. Defective stepdown transformer T6. Check input voltage at X & Z; should measure 200 - 240 V.A.C. Check output voltage at 2 & 4; should measure 100 - 120 V.A.C. Replace if defective.
8. Improper AC connections in lamphouse. Check AC voltage at 2 & 4 in lamphouse; voltage should measure 100 - 120 V.A.C; check wire numbers.
8a. Gladiator III & Ultra 80 lamphouse: wires 7 & 8 should measure 220 V.A.C.
10. Defective lamphouse blower. Check AC voltage at blower motor inputs; should measure 100 - 120 V.A.C (Gladiator III & Ultra 80 lamphouse blower: 220 V.A.C). Replace if defective.

Lamphouse Blower(s) Operate, but Power Supply GO Indicator does not glow

1. No voltage on terminals 5 & 6. Possible open interlock switch in lamphouse or power supply; check air flow and interlock switches and interlock connections.
2. Incorrect setting of lamphouse MODE (AUTO - MAN.) switch. See lamphouse manual.
3. Faulty remote or automation contact (if using lamphouse in AUTO mode).
4. No voltage on terminals 5 & 6. Check for 120 V.A.C at control PC board PL5. If no voltage, check for loose connection or broken wire.
5. Defective control PC board. Check for 20 V.D.C at U14 pin 2 & ground test point on power supply control board. Check for 120 V.A.C on PL5. If voltages present and GO light does not glow, consult factory.
6. Power supply overheated (red TEMP light glowing; open thermal switches). Check for correct blower operation and unobstructed air flow in power supply cabinet. Thermal switches will open if temperatures inside the power supply cabinet exceed 175° Fahrenheit (80° Celsius).
TROUBLESHOOTING (continued)

Xenon Bulb Fails to Ignite; Blowers Operating, GO Indicator glowing

1. Defective or expired xenon bulb. Replace as required.
2. Incorrect igniter printed circuit board. Strong AC type igniters should be connected to high voltage igniter PC board (Part No. 40913, 65992B, or equivalent).
3. Check DC no load output voltage. Should measure 150 - 180 V.DC; if lower, consult factory.
4. Faulty DC output connection. Check and correct as required. Tighten connections securely.
5. No DC voltage output. Blown fuse on primary board; allow power supply twenty minutes (power OFF) to discharge capacitors before removing fuse. Good fuse should measure 0 Ohms; replace as required. If fuse blows repeatedly, consult factory.
6. Defective igniter. Allow unit to cool and attempt re-ignition. Check DC voltage at output; should measure 150 V.DC or higher. If voltage is correct, check DC connections in lamphouse and power supply; tighten securely. Attempt re-ignition; if no ping is audible in the lamphouse, replace igniter. If ping is audible, but no flash is apparent, check for lamphouse DC lead shorting to ground. If ping is heard and arc is visible between bulb electrodes, and bulb fails to ignite, replace bulb.

Xenon Bulb Goes Out During Operation (Intermittent Operation)

1. Defective or expired xenon bulb. Replace as required.
3. Power supply overheated. Check for blower operation and unobstructed air flow in power supply enclosure. Thermal switches will open if heat sink temperatures exceed 175° Fahrenheit (80° Celsius).
4. Brown-out (voltage drop) or spike (voltage surge) in AC supply. Measure AC source.

No Output Current Adjustment

1. Defective power module. Consult factory.

Xenon Power Supplies, Lamphouse Igniters, and other components shipped to the factory for credit, repair or repair/exchange must be returned through an authorized Strong International Equipment Dealer. Contact your Strong International Dealer for a Return Authorization and instructions prior to shipping any goods to Strong.
See Figure 3

FIGURE 1
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Part No.</th>
<th>Description</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>62-40121</td>
<td>Top Cover Panel</td>
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<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>62-40095</td>
<td>Side Panel (Left)</td>
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<td>3</td>
<td>62-40123</td>
<td>Vented Panel, Rear</td>
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<td>4</td>
<td>62-40101</td>
<td>Rear Panel Bracket</td>
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<td>5</td>
<td>62-80105</td>
<td>Power Module (See Figure 2)</td>
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<td>6</td>
<td>62-40096</td>
<td>Base Plate</td>
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<td>7</td>
<td>62-40098</td>
<td>Brace Panel</td>
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<td>8</td>
<td>62-40102</td>
<td>Vented Panel, Front</td>
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<td>9</td>
<td>62-40118</td>
<td>Side Panel (Right)</td>
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<td>10</td>
<td>77271000</td>
<td>Handle, Spring-Loaded</td>
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<td>11</td>
<td>62-40097</td>
<td>Front Panel Bracket</td>
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<td>12</td>
<td>41-51540</td>
<td>Panel Mounting Screw, 8-32 x 3/8&quot;</td>
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<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>62-80036</td>
<td>Name &amp; Data Plate</td>
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</table>
## Parts List

**Figure 2**

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Item</th>
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<th>Description</th>
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</thead>
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<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>62-00006</td>
<td>Upper Shield, Silk Screened</td>
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<td>2</td>
<td>41-51032</td>
<td>Screw, 6-32 x 1/4&quot; Bind Head</td>
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<td></td>
<td>41-70012</td>
<td>Lockwasher, #6</td>
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<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>61-98031</td>
<td>Spacer, #6 x 1/4&quot;</td>
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<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>41-51728</td>
<td>Screw, 6-32 x 1&quot; Brass</td>
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<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>62-20021</td>
<td>Insulated Support</td>
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<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>41-51197</td>
<td>Screw, 8-32 x 1/2&quot; Socket Head</td>
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<td>7</td>
<td>62-70015</td>
<td>Primary Module Assembly</td>
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<td></td>
<td>81-21001</td>
<td>Fuse, 15 Ampere (2 req’d.)</td>
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<td>8</td>
<td>62-20027</td>
<td>Primary Buss Bar</td>
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<td>9</td>
<td>62-70020</td>
<td>Secondary Module Assembly</td>
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<td>10</td>
<td>62-20028</td>
<td>Output Buss Bar</td>
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<td>41-35060</td>
<td>Locknut, 1/4-20</td>
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<td></td>
<td>61-70002</td>
<td>Spring Washer</td>
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<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>41-51032</td>
<td>Screw, 6-32 x 1/4&quot; Bind Head</td>
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<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>62-40093</td>
<td>Lower Shield</td>
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<td>14</td>
<td>41-51413</td>
<td>Screw, 6-32 x 5/8&quot; Phillips Head</td>
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<td>15</td>
<td>62-40094</td>
<td>Fan Panel</td>
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<td>16</td>
<td>61127000</td>
<td>Fan Clip, 6-32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>61-98002</td>
<td>Fan, 115 V.AC., 50/60 Hz.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>88253000</td>
<td>Cord &amp; Molded Plug</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>41-51540</td>
<td>Screw, 8-32 x 3/8&quot; Phillips Head</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
CURRENT CONTROL (to Item 18):
62-70028 Plug-In PC Board Assembly (no Cable)
62-70032 Potentiometer & Cable Assembly (Remote)
### PARTS LIST

**Figure 3**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Part No.</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>61-71013</td>
<td>Ribbon Cable Assembly</td>
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<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>61-72015</td>
<td>Control Printed Circuit Board Assembly</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>62-40120</td>
<td>Chassis, Control PCB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>21-10003</td>
<td>Wire Tie Mount, Self-Adhesive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>61-61002</td>
<td>Circuit Breaker, 3 Ampere 1 phase</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>61-30001</td>
<td>Indicator Light, Red</td>
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<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>61-61001</td>
<td>Circuit Breaker, 30 Ampere 3 phase</td>
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<td>8</td>
<td>62-40116</td>
<td>Circuit Breaker Mounting Panel</td>
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<td>9</td>
<td>41-10029</td>
<td>Cable Clamp, Nylon</td>
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<td>10</td>
<td>61-17001</td>
<td>Diode Bridge</td>
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<td>41-51078</td>
<td>Screw, 8-32 x 7/8&quot; Bind Head</td>
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<td>12</td>
<td>62-40122</td>
<td>Chassis Bracket</td>
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<td>13</td>
<td>62-70023</td>
<td>Stepdown Transformer, AC Control</td>
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<td>14</td>
<td>61-98035</td>
<td>Line Filter</td>
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<td>15</td>
<td>41-98045</td>
<td>Grommet</td>
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<td>16</td>
<td>62-70026</td>
<td>LEM Harness</td>
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<td>62-40128</td>
<td>MS Receptacle Mounting Panel</td>
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<td>18</td>
<td>61-13007</td>
<td>Amphenol Plug, (15) Pin</td>
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<td>19</td>
<td>62-70025</td>
<td>MS Connector, Wired Assembly</td>
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<td>88319000</td>
<td>MS Receptacle, (14) Pin Female</td>
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<td>20</td>
<td>62-40116</td>
<td>Mounting Plate</td>
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<td>21</td>
<td>61-40007</td>
<td>AC Input Receptacle, 30 Ampere Hubbell</td>
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<td>22</td>
<td>41-51540</td>
<td>Screw, 8-32 x 3/8&quot; Phillips Head</td>
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<td>23</td>
<td>41-51413</td>
<td>Screw, 6-32 x 5/8&quot; Phillips Head</td>
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<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>41-51021</td>
<td>Screw, 4-40 x 1/2&quot; Bind Head</td>
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<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>51-56002</td>
<td>Nylon Spacer</td>
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<tr>
<td>26</td>
<td>41-35003</td>
<td>Hexnut, 4-40</td>
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<td></td>
<td>41-70011</td>
<td>Lockwasher, #4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**NOT SHOWN**

62-70021 Wire Harness Assembly  
62-70030 Lamphouse Termination Panel (see Page 3)  
62-40109 Cover, Lamphouse Termination Panel  
61-98039 Strain Relief Bushing, Cover  
41-35088 Locknut for Bushing
FIGURE 4 CONTROL PC BOARD, Component Functions

VR7- Internal Current Adjustment  VR4- Current Calibration  VR3- Voltage Calibration

VR2- Overvoltage Protection

VR8-Frequency  Control Cable

VR6-Ripple Indicator

PL7

PL2

PL5

PL9

Power Module Ribbon Cable

Sw3

VR1- Max Current Adjustment

Sw1

Sw2

VR5

reset

VR5- 9 volts adjustment

NEG

POS

Sw1

1. (a) Master Enable—If OFF will disable SW1 2 thru 5
2. (b) Aux. Volts Good If switches are ON, unit will operate only if
3. (c) Input Volts Good L.E.D.’s light.
4. (d) Power Section Good
5. (e) Xenon On
6. (f) Master Override- If OFF will allow supply to operate
7. (g) Short Circuit—If ON will shut supply off when the output is shorted.
8. (h) Not used

SW2

1. (a) Master Inhibit—In the OFF position—will disable switches SW2-2, SW2-3 and SW1-7
2. (b) Thermal Inhibit—In the ON position—will shut supply off, if too hot.
3. (c) Open circuit, short circuit or strike failure—IF ON position—will turn power supply off.
4. (d) Selects the external Current Control

SW5

1. (a) Overvoltage shutoff—If ON will turn power supply off if voltage goes high
2. (b) Selects local Current control—On is for control at PCB. OFF is for External Control.
3. (c) Selects local master—Must be On unless the power supply is a slave unit.
4. (d) Remote master—Must be turned on if unit is a master and there are slaves connected to it.

PL7

Pin #
1. Com signal
2. V signal (20 mv/v)
3. I signal (20 mv/a)
4. 9v power return
5. Go signal input (+9v)
6. +9v out
7. Power Section fault
8. Enable fault
9. Inhibit fault
10. I adjust fine
11. +9v signal
12. I adjust coarse

PL2

Pin #
6. 9 VAC
7. 18 VAC

PL3

Pin #
1. -1.2 V
2. +20 V
3. Com signal
4. DCCT signal V
5. I DCCT signal
6. Master/
7. Slave

PL 5

Pin #
1. 110 V common
2. 110 V go signal

DB 15 Connector
Pin #
1. Com Signal
2. I Signal (20mv/a)
3. GO Signal Input
4. Power Section Fault
5. Inhibit Fault
6. (not used)
7. +9 V
8. +9 V. Return
9. V Signal (20 mv/v)
10. +9 V. Return
11. +9 V
12. Enable Fault
13. (not used)
14. I Adjust Fine
15. I Adjust Coarse